



BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL AND COLLEGE
FINAL TERM EXAMINATION (2024-25)
CLASS - IX
COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

Maximum Marks:100

Time allowed: Two hours

This paper is divided into two sections.

Attempt all questions from Section A and any four questions from Section B.

SECTION A

(Attempt all questions from this section)

Question 1:

Choose the correct answers to the questions from the given options.

[20]

(Do not copy the questions, write the correct answers only.)

(i) Which of the following principle uses the concept of reusability?

- (a) Polymorphism
- (b) Inheritance
- (c) Encapsulation
- (d) Abstraction

(ii) JVM combined with _____ makes Java platform.

- a) Java Programs
- b) Java API
- c) Java byte
- d) All of the above

(iii)for(int i=1; i<=3; i++)

```
{
    for(int j=1; j<=2; j++)
    {System.out.println("**");}
}
```

How many times will this code print '**'?

- a) 2
- b) 4
- c) 5
- d) 6

(iv)In which of the following conversions, we can assign a value of larger datatype to a smaller data type?

- a) Explicit Type Conversion
- b) Implicit Type Conversion
- c) Both (a) and (b)
- d) None of these

(v) Which of the following loop executes at least one time in a program?

- a) do while
- b) for
- c) while
- d) All of the above

(vi)Assertion(A): In Java, statements written in lowercase letters or uppercase letters are treated as the same.

Reason(R): Java is a case sensitive language.

- a) Both Assertion(A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is a correct explanation of Assertion (A)
- b) Both Assertion(A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not a correct explanation of Assertion (A)
- c) Assertion (A) is true and Reason (R) is false
- d) Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is true



(vii) Which of the following for loop statement will execute 10 times?

- a) for(i=10; i>=1; i--)
- b) for(i=0; i<10; i++)
- c) for(i=3; i>=30; i=i+3)
- d) All of the above

(viii) What will be the output of the following code segment?

```
double x=4.5, y=6.8;
double z= Math.floor( Math.max(x,y);
System.out.println(z);
```

- a) 6.0
- b) 6.9
- c) 7.0
- d) 7.5

(ix) _____ are also known as Spam where email messages are send to different people to get personal information.

- a) Phishing
- b) Cyberstalking
- c) Both (a) and (b)
- d) Hacking

(x) To protect creations, there are some legal rights known as _____

- a) Civic property right
- b) Traffic right
- c) Intellectual property right
- d) All of these

(xi) _____ are the subdivision of knowledge that deals with moral ideologies.

- a) Ethics
- b) Non-ethical
- c) Intellectual Property
- d) Passion

(xii) Data Protection Act was implemented in

- a) 1998
- b) 1988
- c) 1968
- d) 1978

(xiii) To protect Data Privacy, we need

- a) A good firewall
- b) A good antivirus
- c) Both (a) and (b)
- d) None of these

(xiv) Math.sqrt(-4) method returns

- a) 2.0
- b) -2.0
- c) NaN
- d) 4.0

(xv) If the break statement is executed within the outer loop, then the control of the program will exit from the _____ loop?

- a) Outer
- b) Inner
- c) Both (a) and (b)
- d) None of these

(xvi) What does the following code print?

```
int x=-5;
while(x<0)
{
    x++;
    System.out.print( x + " ");
}
```





- ```
}
a) 5 4 3 2 1
b) -5 -4 -3 -2 -1
c) -4 -3 -2 -1 0
d) 4 3 2 1 0
```

(xvii) Which type of value does Math.max(int, double) return?

- a) int
- b) double
- c) float
- d) All of these

(xviii) for(i=1; i>=0; i++)

```
{
 System.out.print(" Loop");
}
```

It is an example of \_\_\_\_\_

- a) Finite loop
- b) Infinite loop
- c) Null loop
- d) Body less loop

(xix) If the test condition is checked after executing the body of the loop, then it is called

- a) Exit control loop
- b) Entry control loop
- c) Both of these
- d) None of these

(xx) What is the result stored in z, after evaluating the following expression

```
int z= (++y * (y++ + 5)) [when y=10]
```

- a) 150
- b) 176
- c) 125
- d) 136

Question 2:

(i) What will be the result stored in after evaluating the following expression? [2]

```
int y=8;
y+= ++y + y-- + --y
```

(ii) Write Java expression for the following: [2]

$$A = \frac{a^2 + b^3}{a - b}$$

(iii) Convert following do- while loop into for loop: [2]

```
int i=1, d=5;
do
{
 d=d*2;
 System.out.println(d);
 i++;
}while(i<=5);
```

(iv) Write the syntax of nested for loop. [2]

(v) What will be the output? [2]

```
int i,j;
for (i=1; i<=3; i++)
{for (j=2; j>=1; j--)
 {System.out.println((i+j)+ " : ");
 }}
}}
```

(vi) Analyze the given segment and answer the following questions: [2]

```
for(int i=3; i<=4; i++)
{
 for(int j=2; j<I; j++)
 {
 System.out.print(" ");
 }
 System.out.println("WIN");
}
```

- (a) How many times does the inner loop executes?
- (b) Write the output of the program segment.

(vii) What is the final value of ctr when the iteration process given below executes? [2]

```
int ctr=0;
for(int i=1; i<=5; i++)
{
 for(int j=1; j<=5; j++)
 {
 ctr++;
 }
}
```

(viii) Name the two types of Java program. [2]

(ix) What are literals? Give two examples. [2]

(x) Give the output : [2]

```
double x=2.9, y=2.5;
System.out.print(Math.max(Math.ceil(x),y));
```

**SECTION B**

(Answer any four questions from this section)

Each program should be written using variable description codes so that the logic of the program is clearly depicted

Question 1:

Define a class ElectricBill with the following specifications:

class : ElectricBill

Instance variables / data member:

String n — to store the name of the customer

int units — to store the number of units consumed

double bill — to store the amount to be paid

Write a program to calculate the bill as per the following tariff:

| Number of units | Rate per unit |
|-----------------|---------------|
| First 100 units | Rs.2.00       |
| Next 200 units  | Rs.3.00       |
| Above 300 units | Rs.5.00       |

A surcharge of 2.5% charged if the number of units consumed is above 300 units.

Print the details as follows:

Name of the customer: .....

Number of units consumed: .....

Bill amount: .....

Question 2:

Write to compute and display the sum of the following series:

(i)  $S = (1+2)/(1*2) + (1+2+3)/(1*2*3) + \dots + (1+2+3+\dots+n)/(1*2*3\dots n)$  [8]

(ii)  $S = a^1 + a^2 + a^3 + a^4 + \dots + a^n$  term (value of a and n -input by the user) [7]

Question 3: [15]

Define a class to accept a number and check whether it is a SUPERSPY number or not. A number is called SUPERSPY if the sum of the digits equals to the number of the digits.

Example:

Input: 1021

Output: SUPERSPY number [SUM OF THE DIGITS= 1+0+2+1=4,  
NUMBER OF DIGITS=4]

Question 4: [15]

Using the switch statement, write a menu driven program:

1. To check and display whether a number input by the user is a composite number or not. A number is said to be composite, if it has one or more than one factors excluding 1 and the number itself.

Example: 4, 6, 8, 9...

2. To find the smallest digit of an integer that is input:

Sample input: 6524

Sample output: Smallest digit is 2

For an incorrect choice, an appropriate error message should be displayed.

Question 5:

Display the following pattern using iteration statement:

(i)

|   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 |   |   |   |   |
| 1 | 2 |   |   |   |
| 1 | 2 | 3 |   |   |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |   |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

[7]

(ii)

|   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 9 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 1 |
| 9 | 7 | 5 | 3 |   |
| 9 | 7 | 5 |   |   |
| 9 | 7 |   |   |   |
| 9 |   |   |   |   |

[8]

Question 6:

Write a program to display the following pattern:

(a)

|   |   |   |    |
|---|---|---|----|
| 1 |   |   |    |
| 2 | 3 |   |    |
| 4 | 5 | 6 |    |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |

[7]

(b)

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| a |   |   |   |
| b | c |   |   |
| d | e | f |   |
| g | h | i | j |

[8]

\*\*\*\*\*

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experience with  
programming  
shapes how you  
see it forever”**

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